

Fund manager: Thalia Petousis Inception date: 1 July 2001

## Fund description and summary of investment policy

The Fund invests in South African money market instruments with a term shorter than 13 months. These instruments can be issued by government, parastatals, corporates and banks. The Fund is managed to comply with regulations governing retirement funds.

While capital losses are unlikely, they can occur if, for example, one of the issuers of an instrument held by the Fund defaults. In this event losses will be borne by the Fund and its investors.

ASISA unit trust category: South African - Interest Bearing - SA Money Market

## Fund objective and benchmark

The Fund aims to preserve capital, maintain liquidity and generate a sound level of income. The Fund's benchmark is the Alexander Forbes Short Term Fixed Interest (STeFI) 3-month Index.

## How we aim to achieve the Fund's objective

The Fund invests in selected money market instruments providing an income yield and a high degree of capital stability. We formulate an interest rate outlook, which is influenced by our inflation outlook and expectations of the resulting Reserve Bank policy response. Based on this analysis, we select investments for the Fund. These assets are typically held to maturity. We take a conservative approach to credit risk.

## Suitable for those investors who

- Require monthly income distributions
- Are highly risk-averse but seek returns higher than bank deposits
- Need a short-term investment account

#### Fund information on 30 June 2025

Fund size	R28.4bn
Number of units	25 136 799 119
Price (net asset value per unit)	R1.00
Monthly yield at month end	0.63
Fund weighted average coupon (days)	80.89
Fund weighted average maturity (days)	103.02
Class	А

- The current benchmark is the Alexander Forbes Short Term Fixed Interest (STeFI) 3-month Index. From inception to 31 March 2003, the benchmark was the Alexander Forbes 3-Month Deposit Index. From 1 April 2003 to 31 October 2011, the benchmark was the Domestic Fixed Interest Money Market Collective Investment Scheme sector excluding the Allan Gray Money Market Fund. From 1 November 2011 to 19 August 2024, the benchmark was the Alexander Forbes Short Term Fixed Interest (STeFI) Composite Index. Performance as calculated by Allan Gray as at 30 June 2025. Source: Bloomberg.
- CPI inflation has been calculated based on the most recent rebased values from Stats SA, reflecting the data as at 31 May 2025 (source: IRESS).
- 3. The percentage of calendar months in which the Fund produced a positive monthly return since inception.
- The standard deviation of the Fund's monthly return. This
  is a measure of how much an investment's return varies
  from its average over time.
- 5. These are the highest or lowest consecutive 12-month returns since inception. This is a measure of how much the Fund and the benchmark returns have varied per rolling 12-month period. The Fund's highest annual return occurred during the 12 months ended 31 July 2003 and the benchmark's occurred during the 12 months ended 31 July 2003. The Fund's lowest annual return occurred during the 12 months ended 31 October 2021 and the benchmark's occurred during the 12 months ended 31 October 2021. All rolling 12-month figures for the Fund and the benchmark are available from our Client Service Centre on request.

## Income distribution for the last 12 months

Actual payout (cents per unit), the Fund distributes monthly

Jul 2024	Aug 2024	Sep 2024	Oct 2024
0.74	0.73	0.71	0.72
Nov 2024	Dec 2024	Jan 2025	Feb 2025
0.68	0.68	0.68	0.61
0.68 Mar 2025	<b>0.68</b> Apr 2025	<b>0.68</b> May 2025	<b>0.61</b> Jun 2025

## Performance net of all fees and expenses

% Returns	Fund	Benchmark <sup>1</sup>	CPI inflation <sup>2</sup>
Cumulative:			
Since inception (1 July 2001)	495.2	466.5	248.5
Annualised:			
Since inception (1 July 2001)	7.7	7.5	5.4
Latest 10 years	7.2	6.7	4.8
Latest 5 years	6.7	6.3	5.2
Latest 3 years	8.2	7.7	4.8
Latest 2 years	8.8	8.2	4.0
Latest 1 year	8.5	7.9	2.8
Year-to-date (not annualised)	4.0	3.7	2.2
Risk measures (since inception)			
Percentage positive months <sup>3</sup>	100.0	100.0	n/a
Annualised monthly volatility <sup>4</sup>	0.6	0.6	n/a
Highest annual return <sup>5</sup>	12.8	13.3	n/a
Lowest annual return <sup>5</sup>	4.3	3.8	n/a



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# Meeting the Fund objective

The Fund has preserved capital, maintained liquidity and generated a sound level of income.

# Annual management fee

A fixed fee of 0.25% p.a. excl. VAT

# Total expense ratio (TER) and transaction costs (updated quarterly)

The annual management fee is included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Fund over a one and three-year period (annualised). Since Fund returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns (refer to page 4 for further information). Transaction costs are disclosed separately.

TER and transaction costs breakdown for the 1- and 3-year period ending 30 June 2025	1yr %	3yr %
Total expense ratio	0.29	0.29
Fee for benchmark performance	0.25	0.25
Other costs excluding transaction costs	0.00	0.00
VAT	0.04	0.04
Transaction costs (including VAT)	0.00	0.00
Total investment charge	0.29	0.29

# Top credit exposures as at 30 June 20256

	% of portfolio
Governments	52.7
Republic of South Africa	52.7
Banks <sup>7</sup>	41.8
Nedbank	16.4
Standard Bank	10.5
Investec Bank	8.0
FirstRand	5.9
Absa	1.1
Corporates	5.5
Shoprite Holdings	2.6
Sanlam	1.6
Daimler Truck	1.3
Total (%)	100.0

Excludes accrued fees.

Note: There may be discrepancies in the totals due to rounding.

Banks include negotiable certificates of deposit (NCDs), floating-rate notes, fixed-rate notes, and call deposits.

30 June 2025



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While savers have enjoyed high real, or inflation-adjusted, cash rates in South Africa for extended periods, of late these spreads have become both notably high and somewhat egregious for net borrowers. In the past several months, the Fund's yield has reached levels in excess of 5% greater than SA inflation. These are spreads that the Fund has not achieved since 2003, and point to the fact that real, or inflation-adjusted, cash rates may be too high.

High nominal interest rates are in part due to the large net funding deficit that our economy needs to fill as well as the hawkish nature of the South African Reserve Bank (SARB). Recently, the SARB has shown a sudden and notable change in both thinking and rhetoric, opening the door for a potential move to an overnight cash rate of 6% (from the current 7.25%) at their last meeting. They argue that this would be underpinned by the move to a 3% national inflation target, although in reality, South Africa's inflation has arrived there without any such formal target in place. This follows a collapse in inflationary drivers in South Africa and a narrowing of the gap in SA versus US inflation to just 0.4%. By contrast, in the five years pre-COVID, South Africa's inflation ran at +3.5% wider than inflation in the US

Our thesis for higher global, and in particular US, inflation remains intact, given the heightened pressures from defence spending, debt burdens and tariff-related deglobalisation. In South Africa, however, inflationary price drivers have been dampened significantly: The National Energy Regulator of South Africa (NERSA) squashed Eskom's attempt to put through 40% tariff hikes, the Democratic Alliance and other coalition partners pushed back against the VAT increase, the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) has opened the taps on oil supply, and the US dollar index has derated materially following an offshore unwinding of the "US exceptionalism" narrative. Feeding the disinflationary environment on the ground locally has also been a weak SA consumer with subdued demand for goods and services, as well as a flood of cheap Chinese vehicles, steel and manufactured goods into our market. This has both lowered prices and toppled several local industry players who cannot compete.

In the last quarter, the Fund added to its fixed-rate exposure via government Treasury bills in order to lock in higher rates, given the potential for a more aggressive rate-cutting cycle than the SARB previously guided to.

Commentary contributed by Thalia Petousis

Fund manager quarterly commentary as at 30 June 2025



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Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) (Pty) Ltd (the "Management Company") is registered as a management company under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act 45 of 2002, in terms of which it operates unit trust portfolios under the Allan Gray Unit Trust Scheme, and is supervised by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority (FSCA). The Management Company is incorporated under the laws of South Africa and has been approved by the regulatory authority of Botswana to market its unit trusts in Botswana, however, it is not supervised or licensed in Botswana. Allan Gray (Pty) Ltd (the "Investment Manager"), an authorised financial services provider, is the appointed investment manager of the Management Company and is a member of the Association for Savings & Investment South Africa (ASISA). The trustee/custodian of the Allan Gray Unit Trust Scheme is Rand Merchant Bank, a division of FirstRand Bank Limited. The trustee/custodian can be contacted at RMB Custody and Trustee Services: Tel: +27 (0)11 301 6335 or www.rmb.co.za.

#### Performance

Collective investment schemes in securities (unit trusts or funds) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. The Management Company does not provide any guarantee regarding the capital or the performance of the Fund. Performance figures are provided by the Investment Manager and are for lump sum investments with income distributions reinvested. Actual investor performance may differ as a result of the investment date, the date of reinvestment and applicable taxes.

#### Fund mandate

Funds may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed according to their mandates. Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. The funds may borrow up to 10% of their market value to bridge insufficient liquidity.

#### The Allan Gray Money Market Fund is not a bank deposit account

The Fund aims to maintain a constant price of 100 cents per unit. The total return an investor receives is made up of interest received and any gain or loss made on instruments held by the Fund. While capital losses are unlikely, they can occur if, for example, one of the issuers of an instrument defaults. In this event, investors may lose some of their capital. To maintain a constant price of 100 cents per unit, investors' unit holdings will be reduced to the extent of such losses. The yield is calculated according to applicable ASISA standards. Excessive withdrawals from the Fund may place it under liquidity pressure; if this happens, withdrawals may be ring-fenced and managed over a period of time.

Purchase and redemption requests must be received by the Management Company by 11:00 each business day to receive that day's price. Unit trust prices are available daily on www.allangray.co.za.

#### Fees

Permissible deductions may include management fees, brokerage, securities transfer tax, auditor's fees, bank charges and trustee fees. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from Allan Gray.

#### Total expense ratio (TER) and transaction costs

The total expense ratio (TER) is the annualised percentage of the Fund's average assets under management that has been used to pay the Fund's actual expenses over the past one- and three-year periods. The TER includes the annual management fees that have been charged (both the fee at benchmark and any performance component charged), VAT and other expenses like audit and trustee fees. Transaction costs (including brokerage, securities transfer tax, Share Transactions Totally Electronic (STRATE) and FSCA Investor Protection Levy and VAT thereon) are shown separately. Transaction costs are necessary costs in administering the Fund and impact Fund returns. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time, including market returns, the type of financial product, the investment decisions of the investment manager, and the TER. Since Fund returns are quoted after the deduction of these expenses, the TER and transaction costs should not be deducted again from published returns. As unit trust expenses vary, the current TER cannot be used as an indication of future TERs. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. Instead, when investing, the investment objective of the Fund should be aligned with the investor's objective and compared against the performance of the Fund. The TER and other funds' TERs should then be used to evaluate whether the Fund performance offers value for money. The sum of the TER and transaction costs is shown as the total investment charge (TIC).

#### Compliance with Regulation 28

The Fund is managed to comply with Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act 24 of 1956 (the "Pension Funds Act"). Exposures in excess of the limits will be corrected immediately, except where due to a change in the fair value or characteristic of an asset, e.g. market value fluctuations, in which case they will be corrected within the prescribed regulatory time period. The Management Company does not monitor compliance by retirement funds with section 19(4) of the Pension Funds Act (item 6 of Table 1 to Regulation 28).

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# Important information for investors

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